

## **INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARING CASE MANAGEMENT PLAN**

The following provisions apply to civil cases filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Indiana that are not exempt from filing a Case Management Plan (“CMP”) under Local Rule 16.1.

### **Special Instructions For *Pro Se* Parties**

Any party who is not represented by counsel (known as a *pro se* party) and who is not incarcerated may participate fully in the preparation of the CMP. Alternatively, however, non-incarcerated *pro se* parties may simply mail a letter containing that party’s complete name, address, telephone number, and a summary of the case that includes only the main or major facts. This letter must be mailed to all opposing counsel (or parties, if unrepresented) within 70 days from the date that the case was filed or removed to this Court. *Pro se* parties may obtain the names and addresses of counsel for opposing parties by calling the clerk’s office at 317-229-3700 or conducting a case search on the Court’s webpage at [www.insd.uscourts.gov](http://www.insd.uscourts.gov). Counsel for opposing parties shall then incorporate the information from the *pro se* party’s letter, timely sign and submit the CMP to the Court, and serve a copy on the *pro se* party.

### **General Instructions For All Cases**

Unless the plaintiff is *pro se*, counsel for plaintiff shall be responsible for coordinating timely completion of the CMP. The deadline for filing the CMP is 90 days from the date the case was filed or removed. The deadline for filing the CMP shall not be extended without written motion which establishes good cause to extend the deadline. Regardless of the status of the CMP, the parties are free to engage in discovery in compliance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and Local Rules of this Court.

The calculation of all deadlines for the CMP is based on the “Anchor Date,” which means the date that the case was filed or removed to the Court. Because all CMP deadlines are linked to the Anchor Date, plaintiffs must promptly effectuate service on all defendants. The Court may entertain requests from defendants to modify/lengthen all CMP deadlines if service is not made promptly.

Depending on the type of case, the Anchor Date is used to calculate certain deadlines that will govern pretrial management. Please note, however, that the parties are encouraged to shorten these time frames in appropriate cases so that the case may be scheduled for trial more quickly than the outer deadlines otherwise applicable.

The use of the term “months” for calculating the dates (rather than counting days) is for ease of calculation. Thus, for example, if the Anchor Date is the 20<sup>th</sup> of the month, most of CMP deadlines will fall on the 20<sup>th</sup> of the respective months regardless of how many days comprise the intervening months.

District Judges and Magistrate Judges regularly receive documents filed by all parties. Therefore, parties shall not bring “courtesy copies” to any chambers unless specifically directed to do so by the Court. In accordance with Local Rule 26.2, discovery papers are not ordinarily filed with the Court.

In addition to those conferences required by Local Rule 37.1, counsel are encouraged to hold informal conferences in person or by phone to resolve any disputes involving non-dispositive issues that may otherwise require submission of a motion to the Court. **This requirement does not apply to cases involving *pro se* parties.** Therefore, prior to filing any non-dispositive motion (including motions for

extension of time), the moving party must contact opposing counsel to determine whether there is an objection to any non-dispositive motion (including motions for extension of time), and state in the motion whether opposing counsel objects to the motion. If an objection cannot be resolved by counsel, the opposing counsel's position shall be stated within the motion. The motion should also indicate whether opposing counsel plans to file a written objection to the motion and the date by which the Court can expect to receive the objection (within the time limits set in Local Rule 7.1). If after a reasonable effort, opposing counsel cannot be reached, the moving party shall recite in the motion the dates and times that messages were left for opposing counsel.

[INSERT CASE CAPTION]

## CASE MANAGEMENT PLAN

### I. Parties and Representatives

- A. [Insert correct name of each party]
- B. [Insert full name, address, telephone, fax number, and e-mail address of all counsel]

Counsel shall promptly file a notice with the Clerk if there is any change in this information.

### II. Synopsis of Case

- A. [Insert a one paragraph statement of plaintiff's claims, including basis for subject matter jurisdiction.
- B. [Insert a one paragraph responsive statement of defendant's claims, including subject matter jurisdiction.]

### III. Pretrial Pleadings and Disclosures

- A. The parties shall serve their Fed. R. Civ. P. 26 initial disclosures on or before \_\_\_\_\_ [no later than 4 months from Anchor Date]. [Note: Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(1)(E) permits the parties to object to making initial disclosures or to stipulate to a different deadline for making such disclosures based upon the circumstances of the action. If any objection and/or stipulation is made to initial disclosures in the CMP, the parties shall briefly state the circumstances justifying their respective positions.
- B. Plaintiff(s) shall file preliminary witness and exhibit lists on or before \_\_\_\_\_ [no later than 5 months from Anchor Date].
- C. Defendant(s) shall file preliminary witness and exhibit lists on or before \_\_\_\_\_ [no later than 6 months from Anchor Date].
- D. All motions for leave to amend the pleadings and/or to join additional parties shall be filed on or before \_\_\_\_\_ [no later than 5 months from Anchor Date].
- E. Plaintiff(s) shall serve Defendant(s) (but not file with the Court) a statement of special damages, if any, and make a settlement demand, on or before \_\_\_\_\_ [no later than 5 months from the Anchor Date]. Defendant(s) shall serve on the Plaintiff(s) (but not file with the Court) a response thereto within 30 days after receipt of the demand.
- F. Plaintiff(s) shall disclose the name, address, and vita of all expert witnesses, and shall serve the report required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(2)(B) on or before \_\_\_\_\_ [no later than 13 months from Anchor Date]. However, if Plaintiff uses expert witness testimony at the summary judgment stage, such disclosures must be made no later than 60 days prior to the summary judgment deadline.

- G. Defendant(s) shall disclose the name, address, and vita of all expert witnesses, and shall serve the report required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(2)(B) within 30 days after Plaintiff(s) serves its expert witness disclosure; or if none, Defendant(s) shall make its expert disclosure on or before \_\_\_\_\_ [no later than 14 months from Anchor Date]. However, if Defendant uses expert witness testimony at the summary judgment stage, such disclosures must be made no later than 30 days prior to the summary judgment deadline.
- H. Any party who wishes to limit or preclude expert testimony at trial shall file any such objections no later than \_\_\_\_\_ [60 days before trial]. Any party who wishes to preclude expert witness testimony at the summary judgment stage shall file any such objections with their responsive brief within the briefing schedule established by Local Rule 56.1.
- I. All parties shall file and serve their final witness and exhibit lists on or before \_\_\_\_\_ [no later than 14 months from Anchor Date].
- J. Any party who believes that bifurcation of discovery and/or trial is appropriate with respect to any issue or claim shall notify the Court as soon as practicable.
- K. The parties have discussed preservation and disclosure of electronically stored discovery information, including a timetable for making the materials available to the opposing party [Include brief description addressing such other matters as cost allocation, treatment of “embedded data” or “metadata”; and any protocols agreed upon to facilitate discovery without waiving any claims of privilege, such as “quick peek” or “clawback” agreements.”]

#### **IV. Discovery and Dispositive Motions**

Due to the time and expense involved in conducting expert witness depositions and other discovery, as well as preparing and resolving dispositive motions, the Court requires counsel to use the CMP as an opportunity to seriously explore whether this case is appropriate for such motions (including specifically motions for summary judgment), whether expert witnesses will be needed, and how long discovery should continue. To this end, counsel must select the track set forth below that they believe best suits this case. If the parties are unable to agree on a track, the parties must: (1) state this fact in the CMP where indicated below; (2) indicate which track each counsel believes is most appropriate; and (3) provide a brief statement supporting the reasons for the track each counsel believes is most appropriate. If the parties are unable to agree on a track, the Court will pick the track it finds most appropriate, based upon the contents of the CMP or, if necessary, after receiving additional input at an initial pretrial conference.

A. Does any party believe that this case may be appropriate for summary judgment or other dispositive motion? If yes, the party(ies) that expect to file such a motion must provide a brief statement of the factual and/or legal basis for such a motion. [Note: A statement such as, “Defendant will seek summary judgment because no material facts are in dispute,” is insufficient. Such a statement does not indicate to the Court that the parties used the CMP as an opportunity to seriously explore whether this case is appropriate for summary judgment or other dispositive motion. However, the failure to set forth a basis for a dispositive motion in the CMP will not bar a party from raising this argument at the motions stage.]

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B. Select the track that best suits this case:

\_\_\_\_\_ Track 1: No dispositive motions are anticipated. All discovery shall be completed<sup>1</sup> by \_\_\_\_\_ [no later than 16 months from Anchor Date]. [Note: Given that no dispositive motions are anticipated, the parties should consider accelerating discovery and other pretrial deadlines to the extent practicable and suggest a trial date (Section VI) substantially earlier than the presumptive trial date of 18 months from the Anchor Date. The Court encourages a track faster than the standard track in all cases in which dispositive motions are not anticipated].

\_\_\_\_\_ Track 2: Dispositive motions are expected and shall be filed by \_\_\_\_\_ [no later than 11 months from Anchor Date]; non-expert witness discovery and discovery relating to liability issues shall be completed by \_\_\_\_\_ [no later than 7-10 months from Anchor Date]; expert witness discovery and discovery relating to damages shall be completed by \_\_\_\_\_ [no later than 12-16 months from Anchor Date]. [Note: The Court expects this will be the typical track when dispositive motions are anticipated.]

\_\_\_\_\_ Track 3: Dispositive motions are expected and shall be filed no later than \_\_\_\_\_ [no later than 11 months from Anchor Date]; expert witness discovery that may be necessary at the dispositive motions stage shall be completed by \_\_\_\_\_ [no later than 7-10 months from Anchor Date]; all remaining discovery shall be completed by \_\_\_\_\_ [no later than 12-16 months from Anchor Date]. [Note: The Court expects that this will not be the typical track when dispositive motions are anticipated.]

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<sup>1</sup> The term “completed,” as used in Section III.B, means that counsel must serve their discovery requests in sufficient time to receive responses before this deadline. Counsel may not serve discovery requests within the 30-day period before this deadline unless they seek leave of Court to serve a belated request and show good cause for the same. In such event, the proposed belated discovery request shall be filed with the motion, and the opposing party will receive it with service of the motion but need not respond to the same until such time as the Court grants the motion.

\_\_\_\_\_ Track 4: Dispositive motions shall be filed by \_\_\_\_\_ [not later than 13 months from the Anchor Date]; non-expert discovery shall be completed by \_\_\_\_\_; expert witness discovery shall be completed by \_\_\_\_\_. [Note: The Court provides Track 4 as an open option because it recognizes that there may be unusual cases for which special circumstances necessitate additional flexibility. However, the Court has found that Tracks 1-3 are appropriate in the large majority of cases, and therefore the parties must briefly state below the special circumstances justifying a departure from Tracks 1-3.]

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**V. Pre-Trial/Settlement Conferences**

Indicate here whether any of the parties deem it helpful to hold an initial conference with the Magistrate Judge or District Judge, and if so, the suggested timing and forum (i.e., in person or by telephone) of such a conference. At any time, any party may call the Judge’s Staff to request a conference, or the Court may *sua sponte* schedule a conference at any time.

**VI. Trial Date**

The presumptive trial date is 18 months from the Anchor Date. The parties request a trial date in month/year. The trial is by \_\_\_\_\_ [Court or jury] and is anticipated to take \_\_\_\_\_ hours/days. Counsel should indicate here the reasons that a shorter or longer track is appropriate. While all dates herein must be initially scheduled to match the presumptive trial date, if the Court agrees that a different track is appropriate, the case management order approving the CMP plan will indicate the number of months by which all or certain deadlines will be extended to match the track approved by the Court.

**VII. Referral to Magistrate Judge**

At this time, all parties \_\_\_\_\_ [do/do not] consent to refer this matter to the Magistrate Judge pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 636(b) and Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 73 for all further proceedings including trial. [Indicating the parties' consent in this paragraph may result in this matter being referred to the Magistrate Judge for all further proceedings, including trial. It is not necessary to file a separate consent.]

## **VIII. Required Pre-Trial Preparation**

### **A. TWO WEEKS BEFORE THE FINAL PRETRIAL CONFERENCE, the parties shall:**

1. File a list of witnesses who are expected to be called to testify at trial.
2. Number in sequential order all exhibits, including graphs, charts and the like, that will be used during the trial. Provide the Court with a list of these exhibits, including a description of each exhibit and the identifying designation. Make the original exhibits available for inspection by opposing counsel. Stipulations as to the authenticity and admissibility of exhibits are encouraged to the greatest extent possible.
3. Submit all stipulations of facts in writing to the Court. Stipulations are always encouraged so that at trial, counsel can concentrate on relevant contested facts.
4. A party who intends to offer any depositions into evidence during the party's case in chief shall prepare and file with the Court and copy to all opposing parties either:
  - a. brief written summaries of the relevant facts in the depositions that will be offered. (Because such a summary will be used in lieu of the actual deposition testimony to eliminate time reading depositions in a question and answer format, this is strongly encouraged.); or
  - b. if a summary is inappropriate, a document which lists the portions of the deposition(s), including the specific page and line numbers, that will be read, or, in the event of a video-taped deposition, the portions of the deposition that will be played, designated specifically by counter-numbers.
5. Provide all other parties and the Court with any trial briefs and motions in limine, along with all proposed jury instructions, voir dire questions, and areas of inquiry for voir dire (or, if the trial is to the Court, with proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law).
6. Notify the Court and opposing counsel of the anticipated use of any evidence presentation equipment.

### **B. ONE WEEK BEFORE THE FINAL PRETRIAL CONFERENCE, the parties shall:**

1. Notify opposing counsel in writing of any objections to the proposed exhibits. If the parties desire a ruling on the objection prior to trial, a motion should be filed noting the objection and a description and designation of the exhibit, the basis of the objection, and the legal authorities supporting the objection.
2. If a party has an objection to the deposition summary or to a designated portion of a deposition that will be offered at trial, or if a party intends to offer additional portions at trial in response to the opponent's designation, and the parties desire a ruling on the objection prior to trial, the party shall submit the objections and counter summaries or

designations to the Court in writing. Any objections shall be made in the same manner as for proposed exhibits. However, in the case of objections to video-taped depositions, the objections shall be brought to the Court's immediate attention to allow adequate time for editing of the deposition prior to trial.

3. File objections to any motions in limine, proposed instructions, and voir dire questions submitted by the opposing parties.
4. Notify the Court and opposing counsel of requests for separation of witnesses at trial.

**IX. Other Matters**

[Insert any other matters any party believes should be brought to the Court's attention]

**[INSERT SIGNATURE BLOCKS FOR ALL COUNSEL TO SIGN THE CMP HERE]**

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\_\_\_\_\_ PARTIES APPEARED IN PERSON/BY COUNSEL ON \_\_\_\_\_  
FOR A PRETRIAL/STATUS CONFERENCE.

\_\_\_\_\_ APPROVED AS SUBMITTED.

\_\_\_\_\_ APPROVED AS AMENDED.

\_\_\_\_\_ APPROVED AS AMENDED PER SEPARATE ORDER.

\_\_\_\_\_ APPROVED, BUT ALL OF THE FOREGOING DEADLINES ARE  
SHORTENED/LENGTHENED BY \_\_\_\_\_ MONTHS.

\_\_\_\_\_ APPROVED, BUT THE DEADLINES SET IN SECTION(S)  
\_\_\_\_\_ OF THE PLAN IS/ARE SHORTENED/LENGTHENED BY \_\_\_\_\_  
MONTHS.

\_\_\_\_\_ THIS MATTER IS SET FOR TRIAL BY \_\_\_\_\_ ON  
\_\_\_\_\_. FINAL PRETRIAL CONFERENCE IS SCHEDULED FOR  
\_\_\_\_\_ AT \_\_\_\_\_ .M., ROOM \_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_ A SETTLEMENT/STATUS CONFERENCE IS SET IN THIS CASE FOR  
\_\_\_\_\_ AT \_\_\_\_\_ .M. COUNSEL SHALL  
APPEAR:

\_\_\_\_\_ IN PERSON IN ROOM \_\_\_\_\_; OR

\_\_\_\_\_ BY TELEPHONE, WITH COUNSEL FOR \_\_\_\_\_  
INITIATING THE CALL TO ALL OTHER PARTIES AND ADDING THE  
COURT JUDGE AT (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_; OR

\_\_\_\_\_ BY TELEPHONE, WITH COUNSEL CALLING THE JUDGE'S  
STAFF AT (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_ DISPOSITIVE MOTIONS SHALL BE FILED NO LATER THAN \_\_\_\_\_.

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U. S. District Court  
Southern District of Indiana

Form Date:  
January 2007